## CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/23
Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge International AS/A Level - October/November 2014 | 9702 | 23 |

1
(a) ampere
B1
(allow mole and candela)
(b) (i) $\begin{aligned} & \text { stress: } \mathrm{Nm}^{-2} \\ & \mathrm{kgms}^{-2} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\mathrm{kgm}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-2}\end{aligned}$

C1
A1
(ii) Young modulus $=$ stress/strain and strain has no units hence units: $\mathrm{kg} \mathrm{m}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-2}$

2 (a) (i) amplitude scale reading $2.2(\mathrm{~cm})$
amplitude $=2.2 \times 2.5=5.5 \mathrm{mV}$
A1
(ii) time period scale reading $=3.8(\mathrm{~cm})$

C1
time period $=3.8 \times 0.5 \times 10^{-3}=0.0019(\mathrm{~s}) \quad \mathrm{C} 1$
frequency $f=1 / 0.0019=530(526) \mathrm{Hz}$ A1
(iii) uncertainty in reading $= \pm 0.2$ in $3.8(\mathrm{~cm})$ or $5.3 \%$ or 0.2 in $7.6(\mathrm{~cm})$ or $2.6 \%$ [allow other variations of the distance on the $x$-axis]

M1
actual uncertainty $=5.3 \%$ of $526=27.7$ or 28 Hz
or $2.6 \%$ of $526=13$ or 14
A1
(b) frequency $=530 \pm 30 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or $530 \pm 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$

3 (a) displacement/velocity/acceleration/momentum/etc.
three correct (none wrong) 2, two correct (none or one wrong) 1
(b) (i) $Y=70 \mathrm{~N}$ [allow 71 N as $+1 / 2$ small square on graph]
(ii) $\theta=90^{\circ}$
(for equilibrium) the direction of $Y$ must be opposite to $Z$
or using $Y \sin \theta=Z$, hence $\sin \theta=70 / 70=1, \theta=90^{\circ}$
(iii) 1. $Y \cos \theta=160$ and $Y \sin \theta=70$

$$
\tan \theta=70 / 160 \text { hence } \theta=23.6^{\circ}\left(24^{\circ}\right)
$$

2. $Y=160 / \cos 23.6^{\circ}$ or $70 / \sin 23.6^{\circ}$

$$
=174.6 \text { or } 175 \text { or } 170 \mathrm{~N}
$$

or:

$$
\begin{align*}
& 160^{2}+70^{2}=Y^{2}  \tag{C1}\\
& Y=174.6 \text { or } 175 \text { or } 170 \mathrm{~N} \tag{A1}
\end{align*}
$$

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge International AS/A Level - October/November 2014 | 9702 | 23 |

(c) (equilibrium not possible as) there is no vertical component from $Y$ to balance $Z$

4 (a) for a system (of interacting bodies) the total momentum remains constant provided there is no resultant force acting (on the system)

A1
(b) (i) total momentum $\begin{aligned} & =m_{1} v_{1}+m_{2} v_{2} \\ & =0.4 \times 0.65+0.6 \times 0.45 \\ & =0.26+0.27=0.53 \mathrm{Ns}\end{aligned}$

C1

$$
=0.26+0.27=0.53 \mathrm{Ns}
$$

C1
A1
(ii) $0.53=0.4 \times 0.41+0.6 \times v$

C1
$v=0.366 / 0.6=0.61 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
A1
(iii) $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{KE}=1 / 2 m v^{2} & \mathrm{C} 1\end{array}$
total initial KE $=1 / 2 \times 0.4 \times(0.65)^{2}+1 / 2 \times 0.6 \times(0.45)^{2}$
C1

$$
=0.0845+0.06075=0.15(0.145) \mathrm{J}
$$

(c) check relative speed of approach equals relative speed of separation or. total final kinetic energy equals the total initial kinetic energy
(d) the forces on the two bodies (or on X and Y ) are equal and opposite
time same for both forces and force is change in momentum/time

5 evaporation: molecules escape from the surface
boiling: takes place throughout/in the liquid
at the boiling point/at specific temperatures
(a) $R=\rho l / A \quad \mathrm{C1}$
$A=\left[\pi \times\left(0.38 \times 10^{-3}\right)^{2}\right] / 4 \quad\left(=0.113 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$
C1
$R=\left(4.5 \times 10^{-7} \times 1.00\right) /\left(\left[\pi \times\left(0.38 \times 10^{-3}\right)^{2}\right] / 4\right)=4.0(3.97) \Omega$
M1
(b) (i) $I=V / R$

C1

$$
\begin{equation*}
=2.0 / 5.0=0.4(0) \mathrm{A} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

A1
(ii) p.d. across $B D=4 \times 0.4=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ A1
(iii) p.d. across $\mathrm{BC}(\mathrm{l})=1.5(\mathrm{~V})$

$$
\mathrm{BC}(l)=(1.5 / 1.6) \times 100=94(93.75) \mathrm{cm}
$$

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge International AS/A Level - October/November 2014 | 9702 | 23 |

(c) p.d. across wire not balancing e.m.f. of cell OR cell $Y$ has current B1 energy lost or lost volts due to internal resistance B1

7 (a) (i) progressive: energy is moved/transferred/propagated from one place to another (without the bulk movement of the medium)
transverse: (particles) oscillate/vibrate at right angles to the direction of travel of the energy/wavefront

B1
(ii) number of oscillations per unit time/number of wavefronts passing a point per unit time
(b) (i) P and T B1
(ii) P and S or Q and T

B1
(c) $\lambda=1.2 \times 10^{-2}(\mathrm{~m})$

C1

$$
\begin{aligned}
v & =f \lambda \\
& =15 \times 1.2 \times 10^{-2} \\
& =0.18 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

C1
(d) $\begin{array}{rlrl}\text { ratio } & =(1.4)^{2} /(2.1)^{2} & \mathrm{C} 1 \\ & =0.44 & \mathrm{~A} 1\end{array}$

