

1 hour 45 minutes



### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



**SOCIOLOGY** 0495/21

Paper 2 October/November 2013

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

#### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black ink.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer any three questions.

You may not need all the answer lines for your answer.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

# Section A: The Family

For Examiner's Use

	st governments create laws and policies which directly affect the family. Some people sider that living as part of a family is best for everyone.
(a)	What is meant by the term family?
<b>(</b> b)	Describe ture government policies which directly effect families
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> government policies which directly affect families.
	[4]

;)	Explain how governments can use laws and policies to influence the birth rate.	For Examir
		Use
	[6]	

ociologists agre	· ·	•	•	
 	•••••			 
 	•••••			 

For Examiner's Use

2	It has been suggested that with the emergence of the 'new man', conjugal roles within the family are now more equal.			
	(a)	What is meant by the term <i>new man</i> ?		
		[2]		
	(b)	Describe <b>two</b> ways in which men's involvement in family life has changed in modern industrial societies.		
		[4]		

(c)	Explain some of the problems women face in trying to achieve equal relationships with men in the family.	For Examiner's Use
	គេរ	

ir	o what extent are conjugal roles in modern industrial societies more equal today than the past?
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
• •	

### **Section B: Education**

For Examiner's Use

3		pite increasing equality in schools, social class remains an important influence on cational achievement.
	(a)	What is meant by the term social class?
		[2]
	(b)	Describe <b>two</b> influences on educational achievement, other than those linked to social class.
		[1/1]

(c)	Explain some of the reasons why working class children may underachieve at school.
	[6]

ociai c	lass barriers in edu	ication?		
			 •••••	

4

	nctionalists argue that schools transmit the core values of society and this leads to social nesion and conformity.				
(a)	What is meant by the term social cohesion?				
	[2]				
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> ways in which pupils are encouraged to conform to school rules.				
	[4]				

For Examiner's Use

For Examiner's Use

(c)	Explain why some pupils do not conform to school rules.
	[6]

0495/21/O/N/13

© UCLES 2013

		ols is to pro		
 •••••	 	 	 	

## Section C: Crime, Deviance and Social Control

For Examiner's Use

5		cial crime statistics suggest that juvenile delinquency rates are highest in inner city areas. istics also show that a high proportion of crimes are committed by young working classes.
	(a)	What is meant by the term juvenile delinquency?
		[2]
	(b)	Describe $two$ reasons why not all acts of juvenile delinquency may be recorded in the official crime statistics.

(c)	Explain some of the reasons why juvenile delinquency rates are higher in inner city areas.	For Examiner's Use
	[6]	

	rimes committed by juveniles?
•	

6

	In re	ecent years there has been a growth in self-report and victim surveys.	For
	(a)	What is meant by the term <i>victim surveys</i> ?	Examiner's Use
		[2]	
•	(b)	Describe <b>two</b> reasons why a person might be reluctant to report a crime committed against them.	
		[4]	

explain why som	ne social groups a	re more likely	to be victims	oi crime than ou	iers.
					[6]

	ar can the c				
	•••••	 	 	 	 
•••••		 	 	 	 
•••••		 	 		 

### Section D: Media

For Examiner's Use

7	It ha	as been suggested that ethnic minorities are stereotyped and under-represented in the lia.
	(a)	What is meant by the term stereotype?
		[2]
	(b)	Describe <b>two</b> examples of ethnic stereotypes used by the media.
		[4]

(c)	Explain why some ethnic minorities may be under-represented in the media.	For Examiner's
		Use
	[6]	

•	

For Examiner's Use

8

	and those who cannot afford to access it.
(a)	What is meant by the term <i>new media</i> ?
	[2]
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> ways in which the lives of young people may be affected by the new media.
	[4]

(c)	Explain why some groups of people more than other groups are likely to use the new media.	For Examiner's Use
	[6]	

•••	
• • • •	
• • •	
-	

### 26

## **BLANK PAGE**

### 27

## **BLANK PAGE**

#### **BLANK PAGE**

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.